Welcome to your Policy Guide -Advance Premium

Welcome to Atradius and thank you for placing your Trade Credit Insurance programme with us. The following series of Policy Guides, indexed below, will ensure that your business will gain the maximum benefit from your policy.

- How does your Credit Insurance policy work?
- Setting a Credit Limit on your buyer
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- Paying Premium Quarterly in Advance
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- Declaring your business
- When a debt becomes overdue
- Making a Claim with inclusive collections
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How does your Credit Insurance policy work?

Pre-credit risk and credit risk cover

Note: This illustration of a typical timeline does not replace nor alter the policy provisions. Please refer to your policy for specified terms. Our assumption below is that every month has 30 days.

Pre-credit 1 - Contract risk period The signed contract is the commencement of risk **Typically** for Atradius NB the contractually agreed period for 120 days performance of the contract may not exceed the maximum pre-credit risk period specified in the policy. 2 - Despatch **Despatch 1st January** Credit Risk cover commences on the date the goods are Max payment terms Credit despatched (or invoice raised for services provided). in credit limit risk period Typically 90 days 3 - Invoice Invoicing period You must raise an invoice within 30 days of despatch. Typically 30 days NB be explicit on payment terms and ensure your invoice from despatch is within maximum credit terms in your policy. **1st April** 4 - Due date of payment Maximum Payment is due now and normal credit management Extension procedures should be applied. A 'grace' period or Period Typically 30-45 Maximum Extension Period (MEP) to allow for normal recovery steps is specified in the policy. 5 - Stop of cover 1st May There is no liability for goods despatched or invoiced after the MEP. However, you do not need to notify us yet. 30 days 6 - Notification of Collection and Claim Notification of non-payment (collection and claim) should be submitted within 30 days of expiry of MEP. 7 - Waiting period 1st June Waiting period from due The waiting period to allow for collection activity on debts Waiting date of payment to date of protracted default prior to indemnification under the Period of loss - e.g. 180 days policy is 180 days from the due date of payment of the in case of protracted oldest outstanding invoice. default The waiting period spans the MEP and Notification period. 8 - Date of Loss Date of Loss is typically 180 days 1st October from due date

Setting a Credit Limit on your buyer

For your insurance cover to be valid it is essential to have a valid Credit Limit in place on each of your buyers.

What is a Credit Limit

A Credit Limit is the maximum amount of insurance cover available to you on your buyer. This is a vital element of your policy because without a valid credit limit your sales to your buyer are not insured.

Getting a Credit Limit

You obtain a Credit Limit decision from Atradius by making an application for cover on the buyer via our online policy management system Atrium.

Choosing the Credit Limit Amount

Your Credit limit should cover the maximum amount likely to be outstanding from your buyer at any one time. To determine the size of the limit that you will need you should take into account the total value of the buyer's order, your shipping programme and the terms of payment. For instance, if your order was for £50,000 to be shipped in two equal consignments, a credit limit of £25,000 would be sufficient, as long as the buyer pays for the first shipment before you release the second. If you have pre-credit risk cover, the Credit Limit should also cover the total contract value.

Credit Limit Conditions

The Credit Limit decision may set special conditions of cover on your buyer. It is vital that you comply with any Credit Limit decisions including any special conditions.

Credit Limit Period

Credit limits do not normally have a specific expiry date and remain valid for the life of your policy. However, there are circumstances where you will receive a credit limit with a fixed expiry date.

Reducing or Cancelling the CreditLimit

We may at any time and for any reason give you written notice reducing or cancelling the Credit Limit, withdrawing cover for future sales in respect of a buyer in a deteriorating financial position, or a country facing economic collapse. Under these circumstances, the policy will no longer cover any goods despatched or invoices submitted to this buyer or country on or after the date specified in the notice.

We may also choose to reduce a Credit Limit by giving you written notice. If this occurs then the reduction applies to any goods despatched or invoices submitted on or after the date specified in the notice.

Service Standard

In most cases a 30 day grace period will be allowed to accommodate work in progress, this will automatically be built into the notice period given by Atradius and therefore the date of cancellation/reduction specified will be binding. However, we reserve the right to withdraw cover immediately should we receive adverse information.

Credit Limit Charges

Credit Limit decisions issued by us will be charged at the rate illustrated in your policy schedule.

Retroactive Cover

You must have a Credit Limit for every buyer to which the policy applies. You must apply for a Credit Limit on a buyer as soon as possible, however, all outstandings on your policy will be covered as long as the Credit Limit application has been approved before the date of loss.



Discretionary Credit Limits - Trading Experience

Your policy provides you with the ability to set your own credit limit without referring to Atradius – this is called a discretionary limit.

Maximum Discretionary Limit

The maximum credit limit you can justify in this way is stipulated in your policy schedule. You cannot exceed the maximum discretionary limit on the policy.

Establishing the Limit

You can use your past trading experience with a company to justify your discretionary limit.

You can only trade on the same terms that you used to establish the discretionary limit eg If your past trading was on 30 days credit then under the discretionary limit you can only trade on 30 days.

Your limit is equal to the total payments received from the buyer and paid on time. The maximum period that you can use for past payments to establish cover will be stipulated in months in your policy.

For example if you are trading with ABC Ltd @ £2k in January on 30 days credit, followed by the same

amount each month, by the end of May £10k will be available to use on discretionary limit, providing that all payments are received on time.

Adverse Information

It is not possible to establish a discretionary limit on buyers where adverse information is known.

Overriding Discretionary Limit

A written credit limit decision from Atradius will override any discretionary credit limit you have established from the date of our notification to you.

Automatic Reinstatement of Discretionary Limit

Where Atradius has previously given a zero limit on a buyer, you are able to establish a discretionary limit 12 months after the date of the zero limit.

Invoice Number	Amount	Paid?	DL Amount
1	1k	Paid	1k
2	1k	Paid	2k
3	1k	Paid	3k
4	1k	Paid	4k
5	1k	Paid	5k
6	1k	Paid	6k
7	1k	Paid	7k
8	1k	Paid	8k
9	1k	Paid	9k
10	1k	Paid	10k

Discretionary Credit Limits - Agency Reports

Your policy provides you with the ability to set your own credit limit without referring to Atradius - this is called a discretionary limit.

Maximum Discretionary Limit

The maximum credit limit you can justify in this way is stipulated in your policy schedule. You cannot exceed the maximum discretionary limit level that is outlined in your policy.

Establishing a Limit

You can establish a discretionary limit using an **Agency Report**. To justify your discretionary limit using an agency report you must use an agent endorsed on your policy as acceptable for discretionary purposes. The report should provide a positive recommendation and be no older than the maximum acceptable period in months outlined in the policy.

Adverse Information

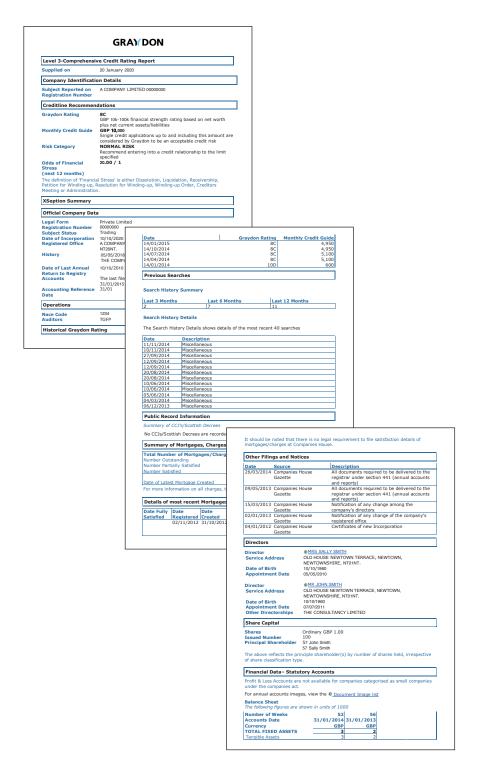
Where adverse information on a buyer is known it is not possible to establish a credit limit using the discretionary limits method.

Overriding Discretionary Limit

Any written credit limit decision from Atradius will override any discretionary credit limit you have established from the date of notification to you.

Automatic Reinstatement of Discretionary Limit

Where Atradius has previously given a zero limit on a buyer, you are able to establish a discretionary limit 12 months after the date of the zero limit.



Using Credit Check to set a Credit Limit

For low values of cover you can use the Atradius Credit Check facility to set a credit limit on a buyer.

This service is accessed via **Atrium**, the Atradius on line system, and takes the form of a simple 'yes' or 'no' decision on the buyer.

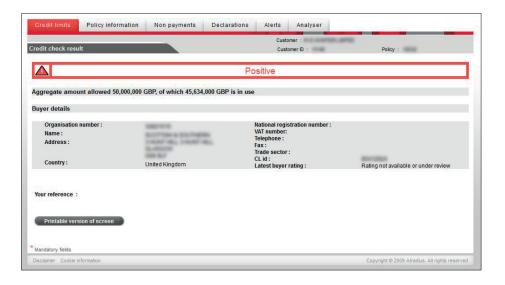
A positive Credit Check will mean that you have set a Credit Limit decision for the amount specified in your policy schedule as the Credit Check Amount.

A negative result is the same as a Nil credit limit decision and overrides the use of any discretionary limit powers under the policy.

Credit Checks are valid until cancelled by Atradius, or until the policy is terminated, whichever is sooner.

The cost of a credit check on a buyer is shown in your policy Schedule.

If your trade with a buyer grows and the amounts outstanding with a buyer are likely to go above the Credit Check Amount then you should apply for a Credit Limit Decision on the buyer, again using Atrium and entering the specific limit amount you require.



Paying Premium - Monthly in Advance

Your Policy is set up as agreed on the basis of Advanced Premium.

The premium you pay for the cover that we provide is payable in equal monthly installments as shown in your policy schedule for the insurance year ahead.

The premium is calculated on the information that you have provided to us about your business, and applying the premium rate(s) shown in your policy to the projected sales turnover that you have forecast for the forthcoming policy period.

The amounts are payable in advance by Direct Debit. It is important that the premium is paid in full and on time to ensure that cover under the policy is continuous and that our liability in the event of a claim is not compromised. Failure to pay premium will lead to the policy being terminated.

At the end of the insurance year we will reconcile the premium paid to the actual insurable trade during the policy period, as evidenced to us in your declarations of business. The precise premium due will then be calculated, and we will either invoice you for an additional amount in the event of a shortfall, or we will credit you with a refund if there is a surplus.

In the case of the reconciliation showing a premium surplus, it is important to note that any refund cannot reduce the total premium paid in the year below the level of the Minimum Premium amount set for your policy.

All premium payments are subject to Insurance Premium Tax, and this will be clearly shown on your invoices.

N.B. Although the premium rate(s) and policy terms are set for the insurance year ahead, if you would like us to consider adding more business into the policy then we are happy to do so, and we will outline for you what changes to the premium installments or additional premium this might involve.



Paying Premium - Quarterly in Advance

Your Policy is set up as agreed on the basis of Advanced Premium. The premium you pay for the cover that we provide is payable in equal quarterly installments as shown in your policy schedule for the insurance year ahead.

The premium is calculated on the information that you have provided to us about your business, and applying the premium rate(s) shown in your policy to the projected sales turnover that you have forecast for the forthcoming policy period.

The amounts are payable in advance by Direct Debit. It is important that the premium is paid in full and on time to ensure that cover under the policy is continuous and that our liability in the event of a claim is not compromised. Failure to pay premium will lead to your policy being terminated.

At the end of the insurance year we will reconcile the premium paid to the actual insurable trade during the policy period, as evidenced to us in your declarations of business. The precise premium due will then be calculated, and we will either invoice you for an additional amount in the event of a shortfall, or we will credit you with a refund if there is a surplus.

In the case of the reconciliation showing a premium surplus, it's important to note that any refund cannot reduce the total premium paid in the year below the level of the Minimum Premium amount set for your policy.

All premium payments are subject to Insurance Premium Tax, and this will be clearly shown on your invoices.

N.B. Although the premium rate(s) and policy terms are set for the insurance year ahead, if you would like us to consider adding more business into the policy then we are happy to do so, and we will outline for you what changes to the premium installments or additional premium this might involve.



Paying Premium – Annually in Advance

Your Policy is set up as agreed on the basis of Advanced Premium. The premium you pay for the cover that we provide is payable in one single installment, to be paid by Direct Debit, and as shown in your policy schedule, is payable in advance for the insurance year ahead.

The premium is calculated using the information that you have provided to us about your business and applying the premium rate(s) shown in your policy to the projected sales turnover that you have forecast for the forthcoming policy period.

It is important that the premium is paid in full and on time to ensure that cover under the policy is continuous and that our liability in the event of a claim is not compromised. Failure to pay premium will lead to the policy being terminated.

At the end of the insurance year we will reconcile the premium paid to the actual insurable trade during the period, as evidenced to us in your declarations of business. The precise premium due will then be calculated, and we will either invoice you for an additional amount in the event of a shortfall, or we will credit you with a refund if there is a surplus.

In the case of the reconciliation showing a premium surplus, it is important to note that any refund cannot reduce the total premium paid in the year below the level of the Minimum Premium amount set for your policy.

The premium payment due is subject to Insurance Premium Tax, and this will be clearly shown on your invoice.

N.B. Although the premium rate(s) and policy terms are set for the insurance year ahead, if you would like us to consider adding more business into the policy then we are happy to do so, and we will outline for you what additional premium this might involve.



Declaring your business

In addition to being protected when you trade, one of the main benefits of your Atradius policy is that you only pay premiums for the cover that you hold. This is based on the turnover you declare for your business.

So that we can make precise premium calculations, it is vital that you share accurate turnover information with us to ensure that you do not leave your sales underinsured, or end up paying a higher premium than you need to.

Declaration - key facts

Declaring your turnover to Atradius is made easy and simple through our online policy management, service and support system, **Atrium**. The on-screen declaration form allows you to enter the key turnover and trading information needed, including both domestic and overseas business.

Pre-Credit Risk

Your Policy extends cover to specified risks that might arise between the date you sign a contract and the date you despatch the goods once manufactured.

The Pre-Credit Risk declarations you submit to Atradius will include the Total Value of all Contracts you have entered into by country during the declaration period, and any increases in the total value of previously declared contracts arising during this declaration period.

Your Pre-Credit Risk declaration should include the total contract values less any irrevocable with order deposits you have received.

The specified Pre-Credit Risk Premium Rate on your policy will apply to these declared contracts!

Credit Risk

Your policy then covers you for specified risks that might arise once you have despatched and invoiced for the goods on credit terms.

You simply declare the total sales despatched and invoiced for each of the countries in which you conduct your business: One Figure for Each Country.

Your declaration should include:

- All Credit trade all goods despatched and invoiced during the declaration period where cover applies – all written credit limits and all discretionary credit limits business applicable under your policy;
- Credit Notes should not be deducted from the declaration of business figures. A Credit Risk has occurred once the goods are despatched and premium has been earned.

Your declaration should **not** include :

- Value Added Tax;
- The specified Credit Risk Premium Rate on your policy will apply to these declared despatches.

Declarations made easy

The Atradius online System – Atrium – allows you to make your Declarations in an easy and efficient manner. It is important that Declarations are made on time as it

is part of managing your policy and ensuring that Atradius can maintain your business cover.

Your Policy will clearly state when you need to submit your Declarations of Business. Declarations of business should be made to Atradius 10 days after your declaration period. Atradius Policies will normally request declarations of business to be submitted:

- Monthly,
- Quarterly,
- Bi-Annually, or
- Annually.

Remember it is easy and simple – one figure each for contracts taken and sales invoiced for each country of your business trade.



When a debt becomes overdue

Reporting an overdue payment - Accessing collection activity - Confirming a claim

You must report any debt when it is overdue from a buyer no more than 30 days after the end of Maximum Extension Period.*

In addition, you must report immediately any adverse event, such as the buyer's insolvency, or if you become aware that the buyer is in financial difficulties.

To report an overdue you should log on to **Atrium** and select the 'Collection & Claim' option from the menu and follow the on-screen instructions. You may be asked to submit supporting documentation – for example if you have already discussed a payment plan with your buyer, or your buyer is insolvent.

When an overdue is reported via Atrium the case is automatically passed to Atradius Collections and a (potential) claim is registered.

Next Steps

The claims team will complete an 'early assessment' based on the details submitted and will inform you of Atradius' potential liability and advise the percentage contribution that we will make in respect of any collection costs incurred.

The Collections team will contact you to gather any additional information - e.g. copies of invoices and will begin action to recover the debt.

Collection costs

It is important to note that our contribution to costs may be restricted for example in the case of:

- trading against a zero credit limit decision
- overtrading against the credit limit held
- holding cover on the wrong contractual entity
- trading beyond Maximum Extension Period
- reporting the overdue late
- no credit limit has been applied for prior to the overdue

If our contribution to your collection costs is calculated at 50% or lower, we will always advise you **before** any collections action is taken.

Payment Plans

If you have already discussed a payment plan with your buyer we may delay additional collections activity until we have reviewed the plan. You will be asked to submit details of the payment plan to the Collections Team

In cases where a payment plan has been proposed by your buyer prior to the 30 day MEP you should contact the Atradius Customer Services Team for advice before you report the overdue via Atrium.

Collection activity

If payment from your buyer is still not forthcoming, the next steps will be for Atradius Collections to proceed to try to collect the debt.

Updates on the collections activity will be available to you via our online system Collect@Net.

If the Collections Team successfully collect the debt the collected monies will be returned to you. Normally you will receive the net amount due taking account of recovery costs incurred. You will receive a statement of account setting out monies recovered, recovery costs incurred, Atradius' contribution to costs and where relevant any claims payment due.

If the debt is not recovered, or only partially collected then we will contact you at or just before the date of loss to invite any additional information/documentation needed to progress examination of your claim.

Disputed debts

If the debt is disputed collection activity may not be covered under your policy. In case of dispute the Collections Team will contact you to confirm next steps and to determine whether you wish to resolve the dispute yourself or to continue with collection at additional cost.

Insolvency

If your buyer is insolvent, the claims team will contact you at or just before the date of loss to invite you to share any additional information/documentation needed to progress examination of your claim.

^{*} Maximum Extension Period is defined in your Policy Schedule

Making a Claim with inclusive collections

We genuinely hope that you never have cause to make a claim, but in the event that you do, then by following these guidelines, you can help ensure it is processed smoothly and without delay.

1. Things to consider before a making a claim

Credit Limits

- Have we established a Credit Limit for our customer?
- Is this cover established on the correct legal entity/principal to contract?
- Does the Credit Limit decision cover the terms and conditions of our contract of sale?
- Are we complying with the conditions stipulated in the Credit Limit?

Invoicing

- Have we complied with the contractually agreed invoicing period?
- Have we complied with the maximum contractually agreed terms of payment?
- Have we agreed the Retention of Title with due effect, where required by Atradius?

Adverse Events

- Has any event or circumstance arisen, or have we been made aware of any adverse information that we need to notify to Atradius?
- Have we obtained Atradius' prior agreement to any payment plan?
- Have we reported any breach of MEP to Atradius?
- Have we spoken with Atradius before taking legal action or placing a debt with a collector?

2. When to make a claim

- A claim can be reported if;
- You have suffered a protracted default and the qualifying period has passed, or
- Your customer is demonstrably insolvent.

Documents and information required to support your claim

- Contractual Documents
- Copy Invoices (a 10% sample if there is a significant number).
- Trading Terms
- Full Statement of Account
- Credit Limit justification
- Details of Recovery Action taken to date
- Debtor Contact details

Supporting documentation can be submitted via Atrium at the time of registering your claim, subsequent documentation can be sent to us at mydocs@atradius.com.

All claims must be submitted no later than six months from the Date of Loss.

Early Assessment of Claims

Upon receipt of a claim, we will carry out an early cost assessment and advise you of our likely contribution to any collection costs incurred and calculate a preliminary liability.

3. Payment of your claim

If your claim relates to an insolvency, as soon as your claim has been examined and approved, payment will be made immediately.

If your claim relates to a Protracted Default and collections action does

not result in payment of your debt, once your claim has been examined and approved we will make payment 6 months beyond the original due date of payment.

If your claim relates to a Political Risk cause of loss, payment can follow the date of loss – this shall be the date at which the Waiting Period specified in the Policy Schedule expires.

4. After a claim

It's important that you continue to take all available measures to minimise loss, following discussion with Atradius.

Also keep us informed at all times of payment receipts and any other developments.

Retention of Title

You can help to protect your business by including an All Monies Retention Of Title clause in your standard sales contract.

Accordingly, your Atradius Modula Policy requires that your Terms and Conditions of sale incorporate a valid and enforceable All Monies Retention of Title (RoT) clause.

An effective All Monies RoT is a key tool to help protect your business in the event of a customer being placed into administration, by allowing a greater level of financial recovery to be achieved under the scope and conditions of the clause.

Under the All Monies clause the goods sold under a particular contract continue to remain your property until the customer has not only paid for those goods but also any other items your business has supplied under any other contracts with them. It is not necessary to link the goods to particular invoices, although they will still need to be identified by you in order to give practical effect to the All Monies clause.

If the insolvency practitioner uses the goods, the All Monies clause requires that you receive payment for the goods. Example – A typical All Monies Retention of Title (RoT) clause:

"Notwithstanding delivery and the passing of risk, property in and title to the goods shall remain with the seller until the seller has received payment of the full price of (a) all Goods and/or Services the subject of the Contract and (b) all other goods and/or services supplied by the seller to the buyer under any contract whatsoever. Payment of the full price shall include, without limitation, the amount of any interest or other sum payable under the terms of this and all other contracts between the seller and the buyer."

Important: The wording of such a clause for a specific contract would need to be consistent with the rest of the contract terms.

If in doubt you should consult your legal advisers to ensure that your Terms and Conditions contain an effective All Monies Retention of Title clause.

